



# Lone Star Veterinary Surgical Services

Surgical Solutions for Your Loved Pets

## Surgical Release Form for Femoral Head and Neck Osteotomy

Owner: \_\_\_\_\_ Patient: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Referring Hospital: \_\_\_\_\_ Veterinarian: \_\_\_\_\_

Surgery to be performed: \_\_\_\_\_

I authorize Lone Star Veterinary Surgical Services (LSVSS) to perform surgery on my pet. I have discussed the aforementioned surgery and the importance of pre-surgical blood testing with the referring veterinarian. I understand that there are risks and hazards involved with the recommended surgical procedure, including anesthetic risk. I realized that no guaranty or warranty can ethically or professionally be made regarding the results or cure.

Your pet has been diagnosed with pathology of the coxofemoral joint (hip joint). You have elected to have a salvage procedure called a femoral head and neck ostectomy performed on your pet, In this procedure, Dr. Davidson will excise the ball and neck portion of the femur which will allow a “false joint” of scar tissue to form and relieve your pet’s hip pain. The goal of any orthopedic surgery is fast return to function. Unfortunately, in some cases unexpected complications can arise. After fully discussing the planned surgical procedure and associated risks with your doctor or the surgeon, please sign the consent for surgery below:

I consent to the following surgical procedure(s): Femoral Head and Neck Ostectomy

My pet is having surgery today on the Right / Left / Both legs (please circle correct leg).

Surgical Risks and Most Common Complication include:

1. Infection ( less than 2%) which may require additional testing and medication at an additional cost.
2. Bruising and edema postoperatively.
3. Pet chewing sutures out- please make sure your pet wears his/her E-collar at all times for the first 2-3 weeks
4. Bone on bone contact between the end of the femur and the pelvis possibly resulting in continued pain and discomfort.
5. Most patients are walking well by eight weeks but some patients can take up to 4 to 6 months for complete healing. Large patients may not use their leg when running even though they are pain free when walking. Physical therapy can reduce this complication.
6. Nerve injury which can be temporary or permanent (extremely rare).

Strict adherence to post-surgical care and medicating of your pet will minimize these potential complications and serious problems are very uncommon in most cases.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Pet Owner/Agent Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Phone I Can Be Reached at Today